## FIRST TERMINAL EXAM CLASS XII SUB: CHEMISTRY **SESSION 2017-18**

MM 70

Time :3 Hrs

Q 1 to 5 1 mark each Q 6 to 10 2 Marks each Q11 to 22 3 Marks each Q 23 4 Marks Q24 to 26 5 Marks each

- 1. Write a chemical reaction in which the iodide ion replaces the diazonium group in a diazonium salt
- Q2. Cyclohexanone reacts with semicarbazide .write the reaction and name the product formed
- Q3. Which Halogen has tendency to form Cation?
- Q4. Why is H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>2</sub> a stronger reducing agent than H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>3</sub>?
- Q5. Articles of iron are generally coated with zinc Explain.
- Q6. A first order reaction takes 40 minutes for 30% decomposition, Calculate its half Q7. Explain:
- Why Aniline does not undergo Friedel Crafts reaction?
- b) lodoform is obtained by the reaction of acetone with hypotodide ion but not with
- Souss the mechanism of acid catalyzed hydration of alkenes

Illustrate the following name reactions with one example

- a)Hofmann Bromadide reaction
- b)Coupling reaction
- Q9. Which out of 0.1MHCl and 0.1M NaCl do you expect to have greater Molar conductivity at infinite dilution and why?
- Q10. When a current of 0.75 A is passed through a copper sulphate solution for 25 mins 0.36 gms of copper is deposited at the cathode. Calculate the
- Q11. Explain why: .
- Bond angle in PH<sub>4</sub> + ion is higher than PH<sub>3</sub> why?
- PH<sub>3</sub> forms bubbles when passed slowly in water but NH<sub>3</sub> dissolves why?

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c) Nitrogen exist as diatomic molecule while Phosphorous exist as tetraatomic molecule why?

Q12 Organic Conversions:

a)Phenol to Picric acid

b)Aniline to Sulphanillic acid

c)Acetone to Acetophenone

OR

a)Ethyne to Nitrobenzene

b)Benzaldehyde to Phenylethene

c)Aniline to nitrobenzene

Q13 Explain why:

a) Nitrogen forms NF<sub>3</sub> but not NF<sub>5</sub> why?

b) NO is paramagnetic in the gaseous state but diamagnetic in the solid or liquid state. Justify

c) Chlorine water loses its colour on standing why?

Q14. Explain why:

a) Formic acid reduces Tollens reagent but Acetic acid does not explain?

b) Gabriel Pthalimide synthesis can be used to prepare aliphatic primary Amine but not aromatic amine why?

Q15 Calculate the emf of the cell in which the following reaction takes place

Ni+2Ag+(0.002M) 
Ni+2(0.160M)+2Ag

Given E<sup>0</sup>cell=1.05V.

Q.16. The electrical resistance of a column of 0.05 molL-1 NaOH solution of diameter 1 cm and length 50 cm is 5.55 x 10<sup>3</sup> ohm. Calculate its Resistivity, Conductivity and molar conductivity.

Q17. A) Distinguishing Test:

Aniline and N-Methyl Aniline

Benzyl alcohol and Phenol

B) Explain with suitable example cross aldol condensation

Q18.a) A reaction is of second order w.r.t. a reactant. How is the rate of reaction affected if the conc. of the reactant is reduced to half?

b.) Show that in case of first order reaction the time required for 99.9% of the reaction to complete is 10 times that required for half of the reaction to take place.

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Q19. 4.0 gm of NaOH are present in one deciliter of solution. Calculate Mole fraction of NaOH = NATAB 2. Molality of solution > No. of notes of Solutions. No. og Solute Molarity of solution(density of solution=1.038gm\ml) > Q20 2.0gms of Benzoic acid dissolved in 25.0gms of Benzene shows a depression in freezing point equal to 1.62K. Molal depression constant(Kf) for benzene is 4.9KKgmol-1.What is the percentage association of the acid? Q21 i)Organic Conversion: a)Ethanitrile too Ethanal b)p-fluroToluene to p-fluoro Benzaldehyde ii) Explain why Haloarenes are much less reactive than haloalkanes towards Nucleophillic Substitution reaction? Q22 a)Draw the structure of SF<sub>4</sub> and XeF<sub>4</sub> b)Write the Chemical reactions: 1. Cl<sub>2</sub> reacts with hot conc. solution of NaOH 2. Calcium Phosphide is hydrolyzed Q23. Mukesh is habitual of smoking. His father was also smoker. Hisfather died due to lung cancer. His friend Rahul advised him not to smoke as it is dangerous for his DIS-KY YM health. He is undergoing treatment in De-addiction centre. What values are possessed by Rahul? Which nitrogen containing compound is present in tobacco? To which class of compounds this compound belongs? Why is it so harmful? Q24. a.) ORGANIC CONVERSIONS: Acetophenone to 2-Phenyl-2-butanol 2. Propene to Acetone 3. Benzaldehyde to 3-phenyl-1-propanol b)What happens when: Cyclopropanone reacts with hydroxylamine? Benzaldehyde reacts with 2,4-DNP OR a) ORGANIC CONVERSIONS: Benzoic acid to benzaldehyde 2 Benzene to m-nitroacetophenone

Ethanol to crotoyl alcohol

CH300

b) Explain the order of basicity in aliphatic amines in different conditions and why? Also compare the basicity of aliphatic amines and aromatic amines.

## Q25. Q1. Answer the following:

- a.) NCl<sub>5</sub> and BiCl<sub>5</sub> does not exist why?
- b.) Why does nitrogen show catenation properties less than phosphorous?
- c.) Why is ICI more reactive than I2?
- d.) Why is helium used in diving apparatus?
- e.) How is ozone estimated quantitatively?

## OR COMPLETE THE EQUATIONS 1. Cu +conc. HNO<sub>3</sub> $\longrightarrow$ Cu(NO<sub>3</sub>) 2. Pb(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> $\longrightarrow$ PbO + NO<sub>2</sub> 3. CaF<sub>2</sub>+H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> $\longrightarrow$ BSO<sub>1</sub> + HF. 4. P<sub>4</sub>+NaOH+H<sub>2</sub>O $\longrightarrow$ PH<sub>3</sub> + 5. C+HNO<sub>3</sub> $\longrightarrow$ CO<sub>1</sub> + NO<sub>2</sub> +

With 0.1M conc. of the reactant how much of the reactant will remain after 3.0 hrs.

b) The rate of reaction doubles for an increase of 10 K IN Absolute temperature from 298K. Calculate Ea.

## ANSWER THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. Why does alkaline medium inhibit rusting of iron?
- How much charge is required for the reduction of 1 mole of Zn+2 to Zn?
- Predict the product of electrolysis of a dilute solution of Sulphuric acid.
- 4. What is primary cell?give example
- Calculate the vant Hoff factor for Potassiium Ferricyanide which undergoes 60% dissociation.

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